

# What is a Science Abstract?

#### Part I: What is an abstract?

An abstract is a brief, written discussion of your Science Fair Project. It answers the following questions:

- 1. Why do this study? (i.e. purpose)
- 2. What were your questions before entering into your study?
- 3. What hypothesis was developed as a result of your questions?
- 4. What challenges did you face while engaged in this study?
- 5. What was the result of your study?
- 6. What ramifications does your study have upon the world of science?

Part II: Each student who does a science fair project must write an abstract that will be displayed with their project.

Sci-Tech Fair project abstracts can be placed on the able in a folder while others can be physically attached to your display-board.

Each abstract consists of a **brief statement** of the essential, or most important, thoughts about your project. Abstracts must:

- summarize, clearly and simply, the main points of the experiment and/or the main sections of the report.
- Include succinct answers to the questions **noted in Part I.**
- Syntax, spelling, grammar, and punctuation, neatness, and originality are important.
- Be presented in an organized, professional manner
- Must be presented to the judges upon request before the oral presentation

Sample Grade appropriate abstracts:

http://www.sefmd.org/Abstracts/SampleAbstracts.htm



# Part III: What do you include when writing science fair project abstracts?

### Use the checklist below to ensure your report provides sufficient detail:

- 1. Project title, School, City, Province
- 2. Purpose of your project / experiment
- 3. Name of mentor, contact or sponsor
- 4. An introductory statement of the reason for investigating the topic of the project.
- 5. A statement of the problem or hypothesis being studied.
- 6. It also may include any possible research applications.
- 7. Procedures used
- 8. Summarization of the key points.
- 9. Overview of the investigation that you conducted. . .

Note: Do not include work done by a mentor, acknowledgements, work done by a teacher in a class or lab or work done prior to your involvement in your project.

- 10. Observation/Data/Results
- 11. Conclusions
- Describe briefly conclusions that you derived from your investigation.

Finally, in the <u>summary paragraph</u>, reflect on the process and possibly state some applications and extensions of the investigation.

## Part IV: More Tips When Writing Science Fair Project Abstracts

- The abstract is printed on one page and is usually between 100 to 300 words long
- Judges and the public must have an accurate idea of the project after reading the abstract.

(From: <a href="http://www.unc.edu/depts/wcweb/handouts/abstracts.html#ex2">http://www.unc.edu/depts/wcweb/handouts/abstracts.html#ex2</a> and adapted from the following web site:

http://www.super-science-fair-projects.com/science-fair-project-abstracts.html)